



NPA PPC

RANGE OFFICER EXAMINATION PAPER

June 2014

This written examination is to be taken by all aspirant NPA/PPC Range Officers. It must be attempted and passed before the applicant goes onto the practical examination at a Provincial Championships. This is an open book examination to test the understanding of the Rules and not the aspirant NPA/PPC Range Officer's ability to remember them.

Part 1

- 1. When may a firearm be loaded?
- 2. What must happen if a shot is fired before the command LOAD is given?
- 3. When and how can a firearm be changed if it becomes defective?
- 4. As only the correct number of rounds is to be loaded, what is the penalty for fewer rounds loaded?
- 5. Against what type of malfunctions may a protest be made?
- 6. When can a Range Officer check ammunition and firearms used by competitors?
- 7. In which of the NPA and PPC Matches may a spotting scope be used?
- 8. What trigger weight is required for -
 - (a) Police Pistol A
 - (b) Pocket Gun
 - (c) Service Pistol A
 - (d) The 1500
- 9. What is the FPE formula for Super Magnum and how must it be applied?
- 10. Explain what type of grips may be used for each of the NPA and PPC Matches?
- 11. What target is currently used for Police Pistol and what are the dimensions of it's -
 - (a) X ring
 - (b) 5 ring
- 12. What target is currently used for Service Pistol and what are the dimensions of it's -
 - (a) 3 ring
 - (b) 2 ring
- 13. What target is currently used for The 1500 and what are it's dimensions?
- 14. When can a magazine be loaded on the Range?
- 15. What Rule must be applied to a competitor who refuses to comply with Range Officer commands?
- 16. What type of holster must be used in all PPC Matches?
- 17.If a shooter wanted to shoot a PPC Match, but does not have a holster, explain what the procedure would be?
- 18. If a shooter wanted to shoot, but does not have any eye and ear protection, explain what the procedure would be?
- 19.If a shooter has a temporary disability, explain the procedure to be followed?
- 20. What is specifically prohibited, as far as eye protection is concerned?

Part 2

- 1. What type of ammunition may be used for -
 - (a) Police Pistol A
 - (b) Standard Revolver 4"
 - (c) Standard Semi-automatic Pistol
 - (d) Service Pistol B
- 2. What type and calibre of firearms must be used for-
 - (a) Standard Revolver 4"
 - (b) Standard Semi-automatic Pistol
 - (c) Carry Gun
- 3. In what position must the firearm be in Pocket Gun and in Service Pistol B, when the targets are not facing?
- 4. How many rounds must be loaded at the 10m practice of Carry Gun?
- 5. How many rounds must be fired at each exposure at the 3m practice of Vest Pistol?

- 6. What can a shooter do if he/she feels that the timing or face time of the targets have been incorrect?
- 7. Explain what type of sights may be used in each of the NPA Matches?
- 8. Explain what type of sights may be used in each of the PPC Matches?
- 9. Explain the distances and time limits for Match 5 of The 1500?
- 10. What happens in Police Pistol II if a round is dropped?
- 11. What is the maximum number of speed loaders or magazines a competitor may use in Police Pistol II and in The 1500?
- 12. Explain how a barricade is to be used at the 50 meter matches of The 1500?
- 13.Can single action be used by revolver shooters at the 50 meter matches of The 1500?
- 14. For which Matches are warm-up shots not allowed, explain how and when telescopes or binoculars may be used during warm-ups and what the penalty would be if a shooter returns his firearm to holster with it's hammer up or placing in on the ground while in that state, during warm-ups?
- 15. What is the maximum barrel length of firearms used for Distinguished Pistol?

Part 3

- 1. Explain how ties must be dealt with?
- 2. Explain how a skid shot must be dealt with?
- 3. Explain how shots fired by an adjacent or neighbouring competitor on the competitor's target must be dealt with?
- 4. What Rule must be applied if a competitor fired more shots than the practice calls for?
- 5. What is the box size for Pocket Gun and Carry Gun and what tolerances are allowed?
- 6. Explain the procedure that must be followed should a National Record be shot?
- 7. How is trigger pull measured?
- 8. Explain the load procedures for pistol in -
 - (a) Police Pistol II
 - (b) The 1500
- 9. Explain what must happen -
 - (a) After the command LOAD and HOLSTER a competitor's firearm falls from his holster
 - (b) After the command RANGE SAFE a competitor's firearm falls from his holster
- 10. Explain procedural errors with regard to barricade use and fault lines?
- 11. What points must be deducted for a fault line procedural error?
- 12. What points must be deducted when a competitor shoots from a wrong shooting position?
- 13. When moving between positions in PPC Matches, should the competitor load before or after moving to the next position?
- 14. Explain what must take place on the firing line, when the command LOAD AND HOLSTER is given in PPC Matches?
- 15. Explain what must take place on the firing line, when the command LOAD is given in NPA Matches?
- 16.At the end of a practice, what must be given before any shooter can bend to pick up cases and equipment from the ground?
- 17. Explain what a Set-up-Area is and how it must be used?
- 18. Explain what is never allowed in a Set-Up-Area and what must happen if a competitor is found handling the prohibited item in that area?
- 19. Explain how a barricade is to be used at the 25 meter match of Standard Revolver 4" as well as Standard Semi-automatic Pistol and can single action be used by revolver shooters?
- 20. Explain what must take place if more than the required number of hits appears on a target?

SAFETY IS YOUR BUSINESS

READ THE RULES

T. Williams
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